



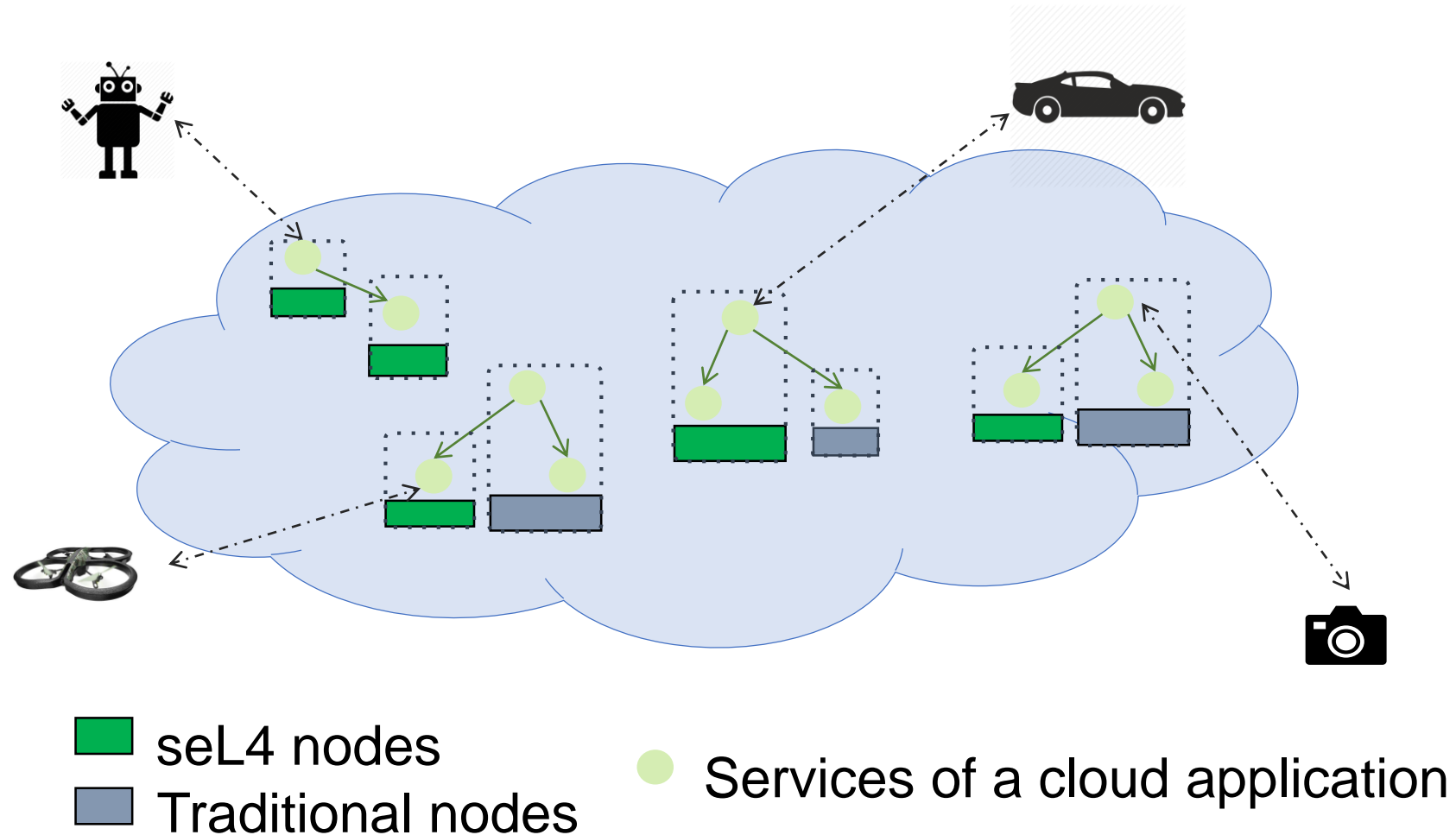
Enabling seL4 **Containers** to Support Legacy Applications

Hui Lu

Assistant Professor, SUNY Binghamton

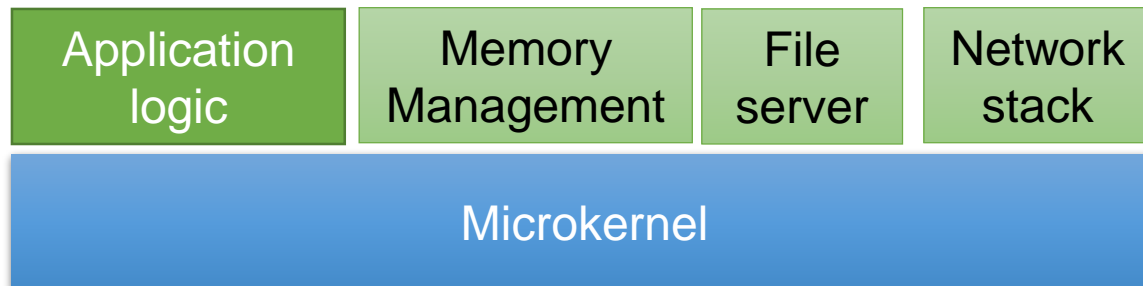


A Secure Embedded Cloud Infrastructure?



A Pragmatic Challenge from Microkernel

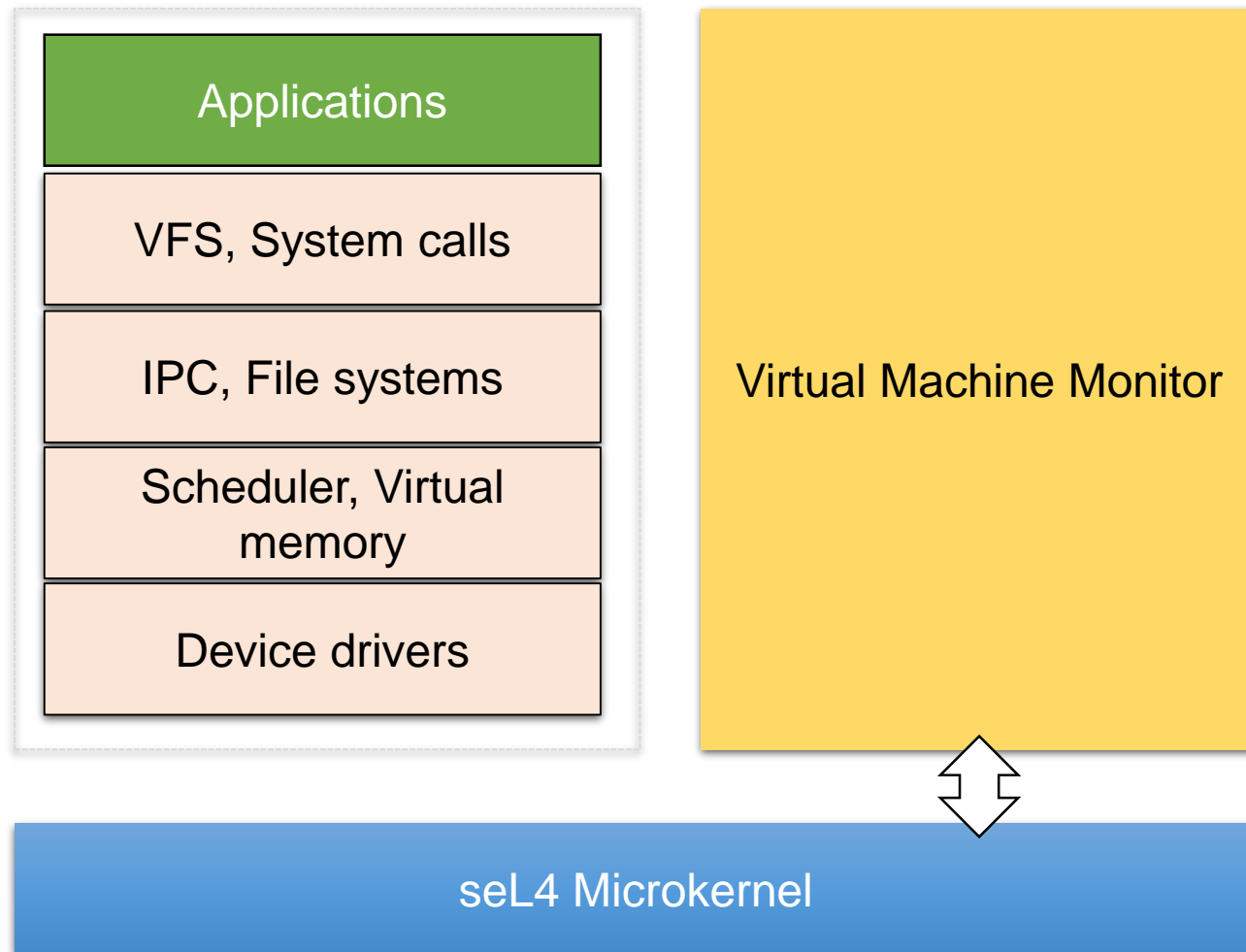
- It is tough to implement applications
 - from scratch with
 - a new (component-based) programming model (e.g., CAmkES)
 - caring more platform/hardware details (e.g., memory management, file system, network drivers, IPC, etc.)
- In practice, few opportunities for engineering a system from scratch for security



**Retrofit seL4 microkernel
for legacy applications?**

State of the Art – VM Virtualization

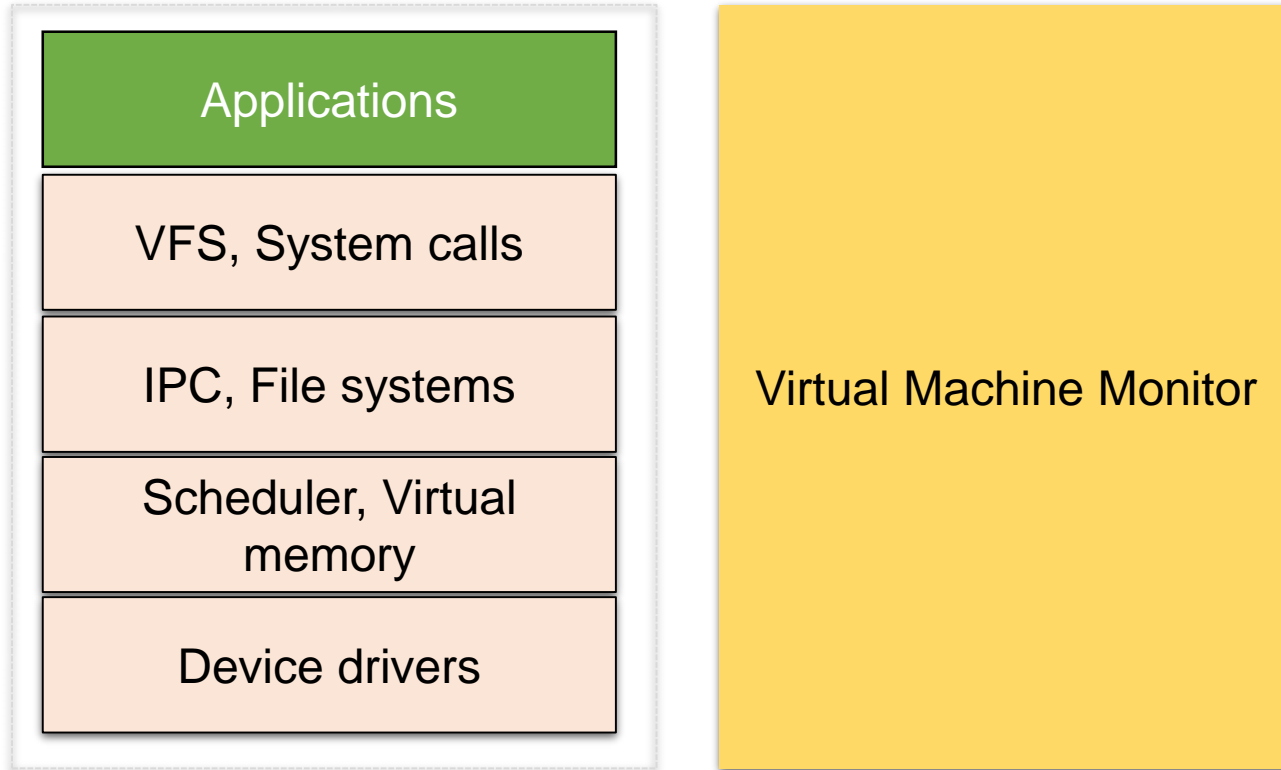
Virtual Machine



- Performance overhead
- Security concerns

A Light-Weight Alternative?

Virtual Machine

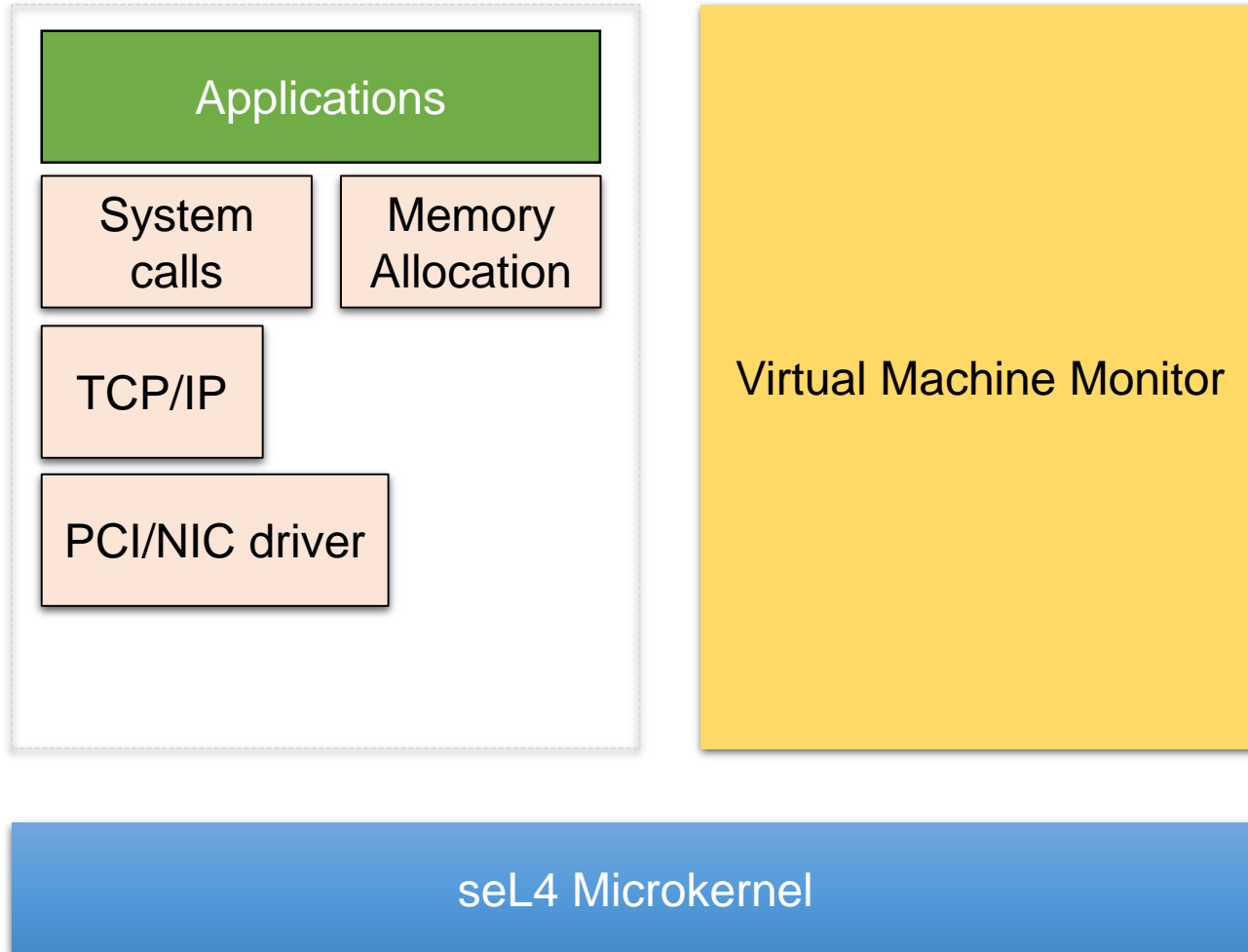


- A tailored kernel with only required drivers and the basic support routines for these drivers to function

seL4 Microkernel

A Light-Weight Alternative?

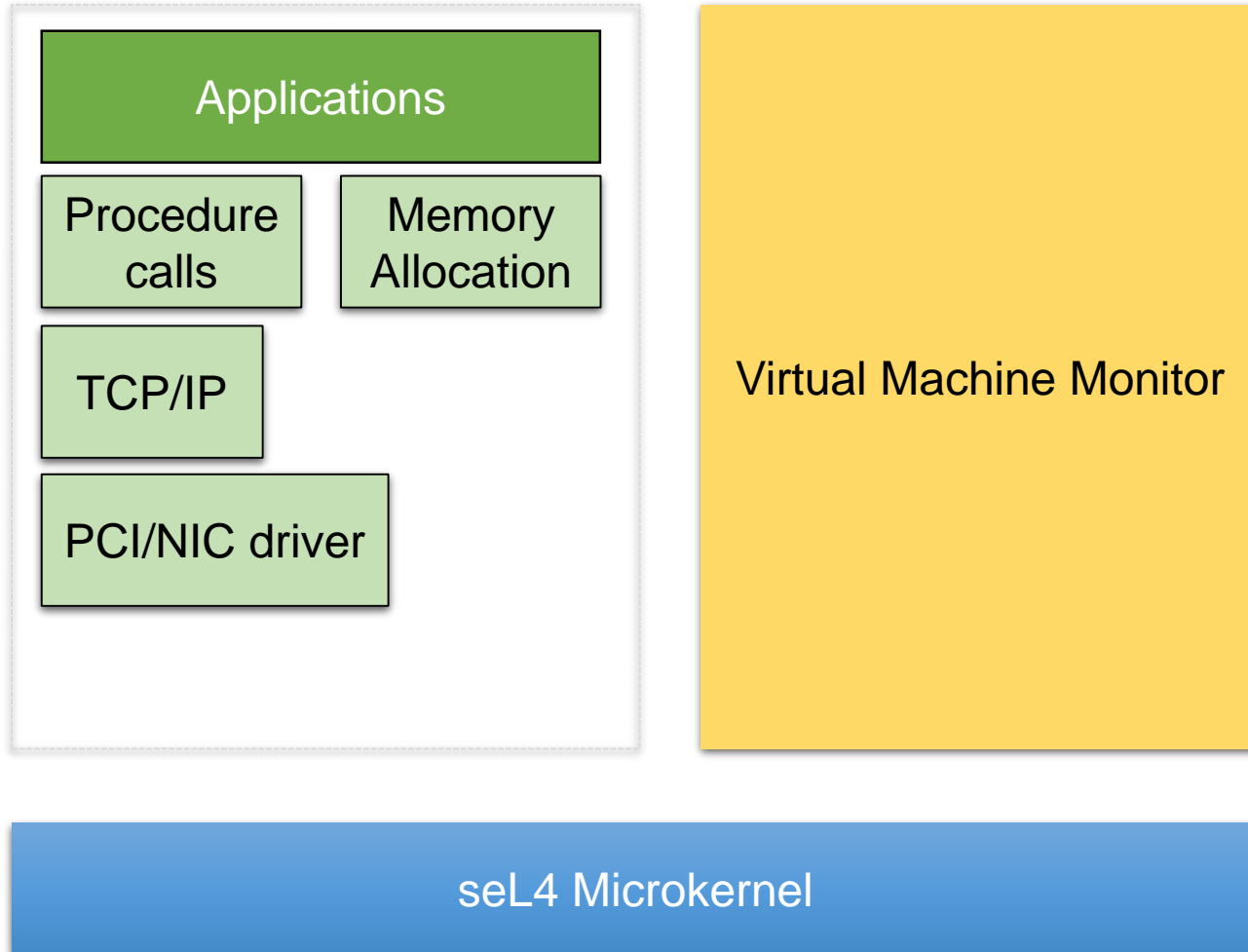
Virtual Machine



- A tailored kernel with only required drivers and the basic support routines for these drivers to function
 - A minimal “kernel”
- No user/kernel space separation needed

A Light-Weight Alternative?

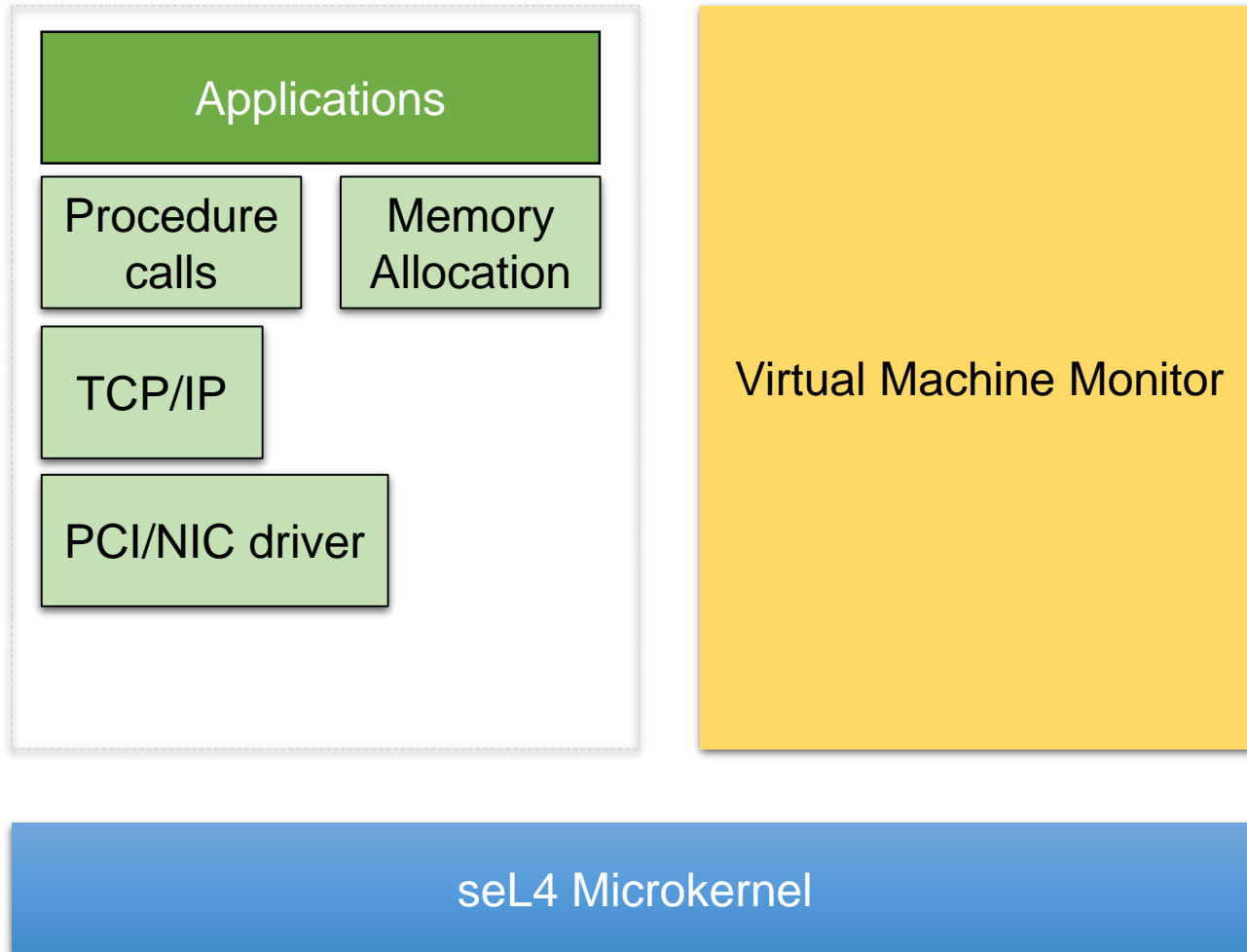
Virtual Machine



- A tailored kernel with only required drivers and the basic support routines for these drivers to function
 - A minimal “kernel”
- No user/kernel space separation needed
 - Fast access to kernel from user applications

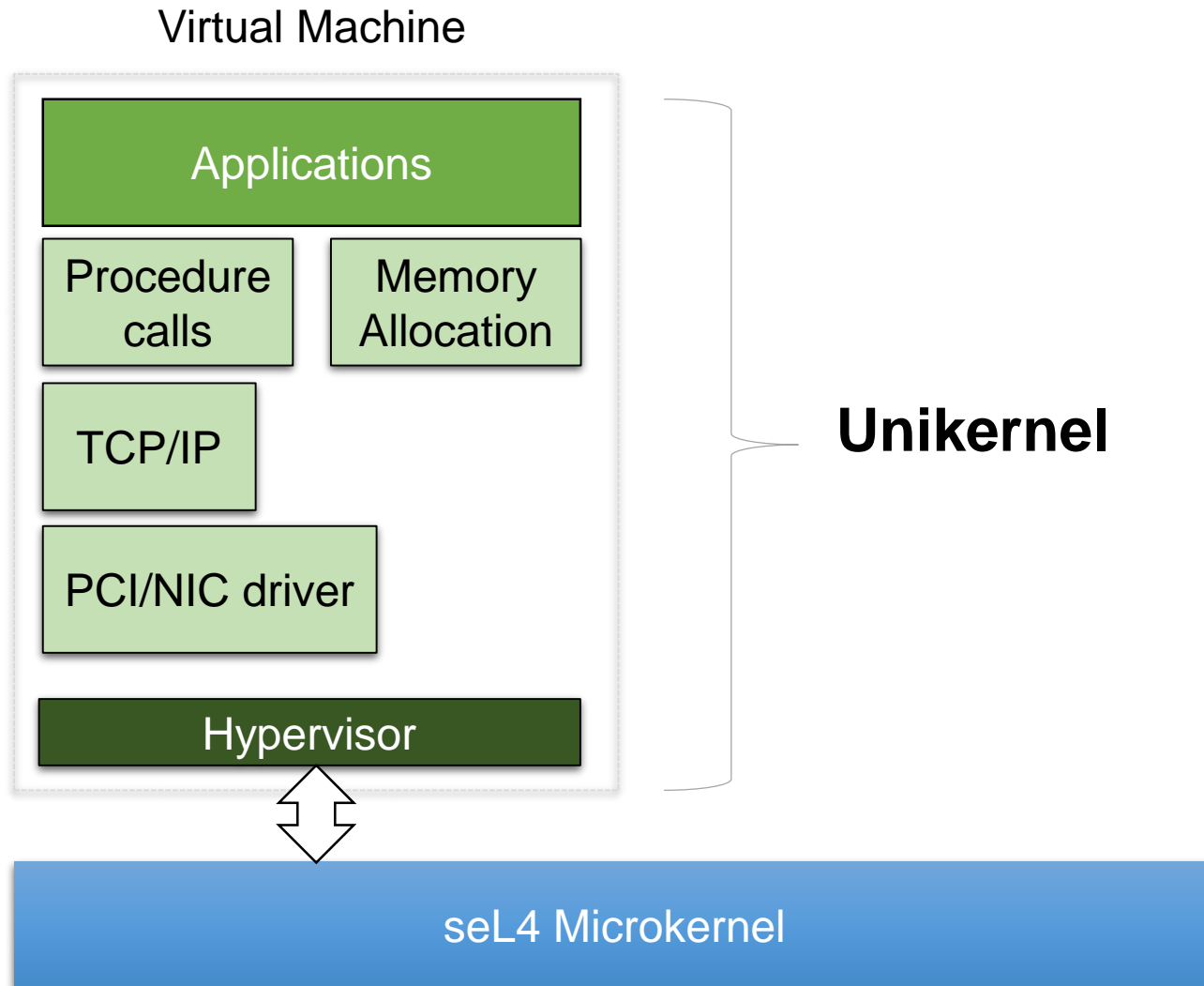
A Light-Weight Alternative?

Virtual Machine



- A tailored kernel with only required drivers and the basic support routines for these drivers to function
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- A thin, platform-specific software layer to access underlying resources

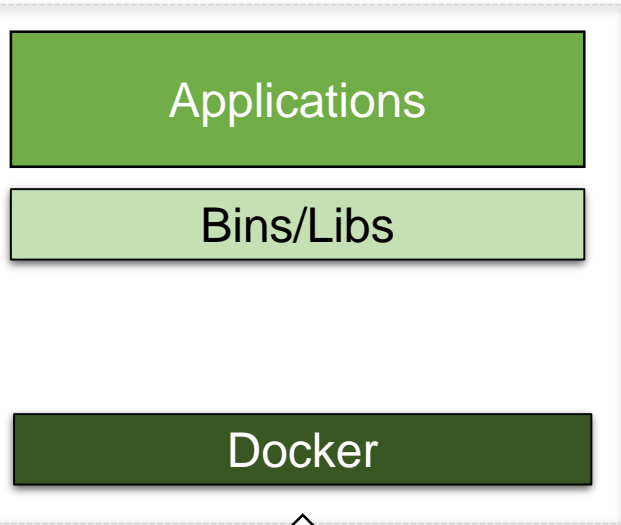
A Light-Weight Alternative?



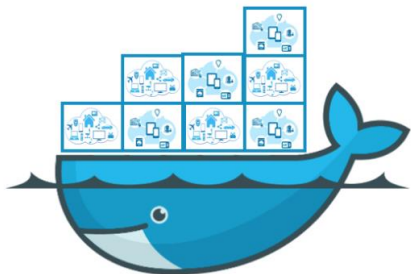
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seL4 Container

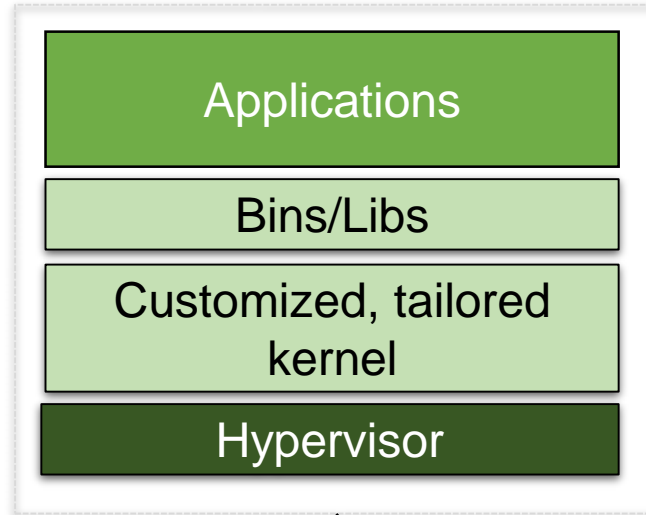
Docker Container



Host OS



seL4 Container



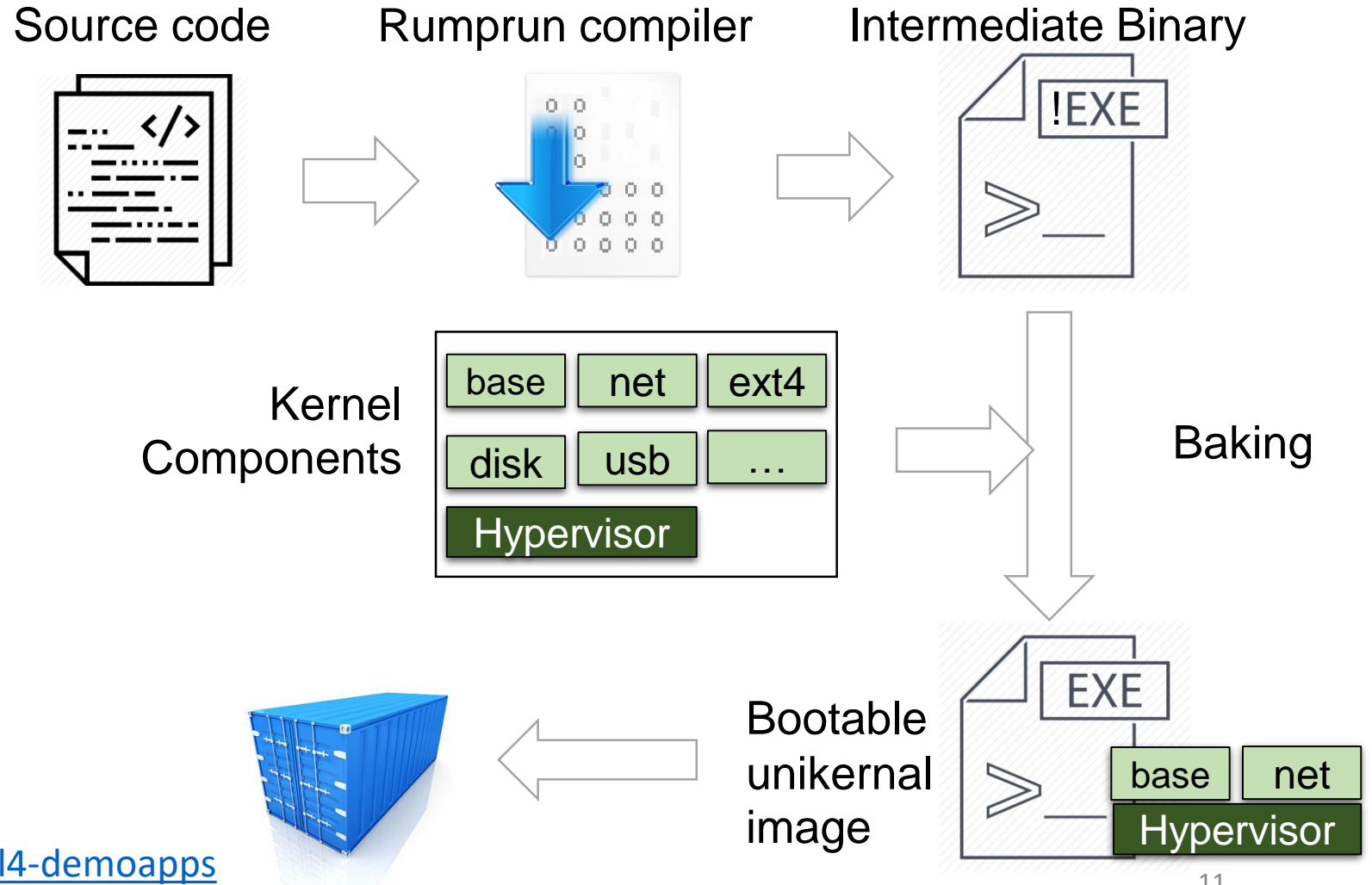
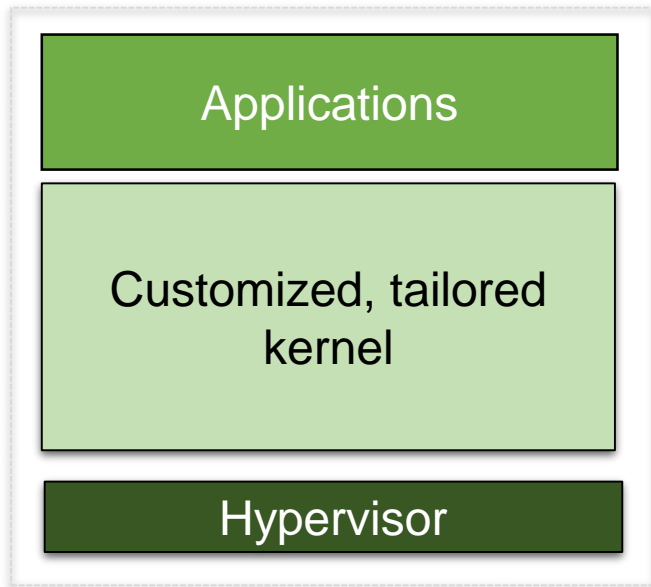
seL4 Microkernel



- Run legacy applications as native seL4 threads in a **self-contained environment**, including
 - application code
 - dependencies (libraries)
 - **required system services (e.g., file systems and network devices)**
 - **and hypervisor**

A Rumpun Unikernel Implementation

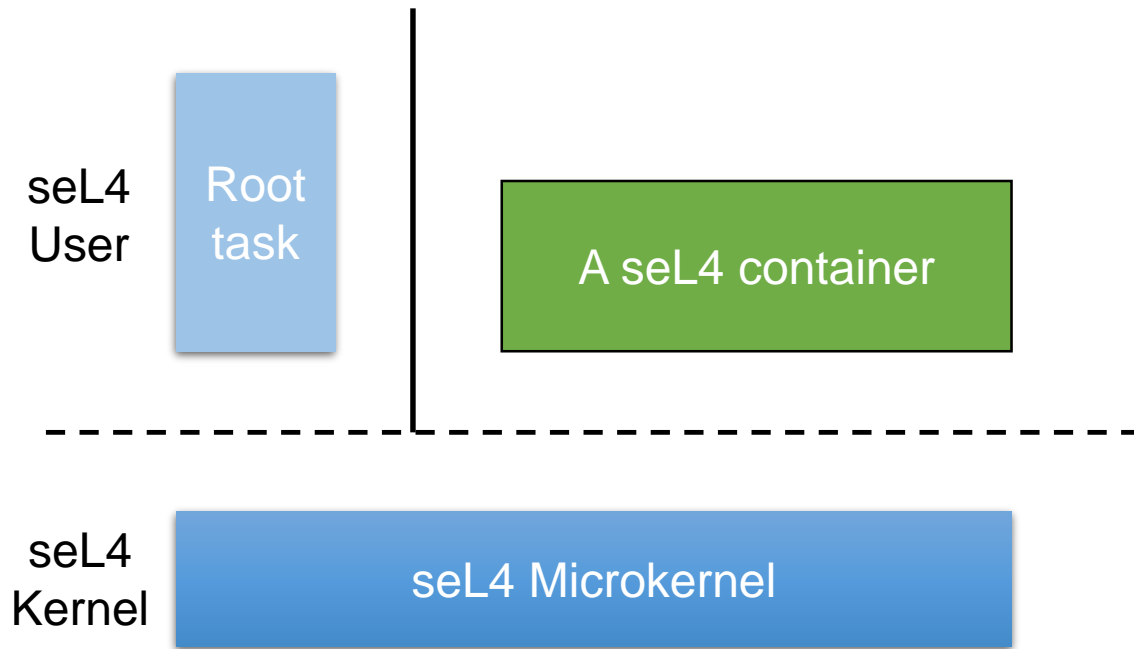
How to build a seL4 container image?



<https://github.com/SEL4PROJ/rumprun-sel4-demoapps>

A Rumprun Unikernel Implementation

How to launch a seL4 container?

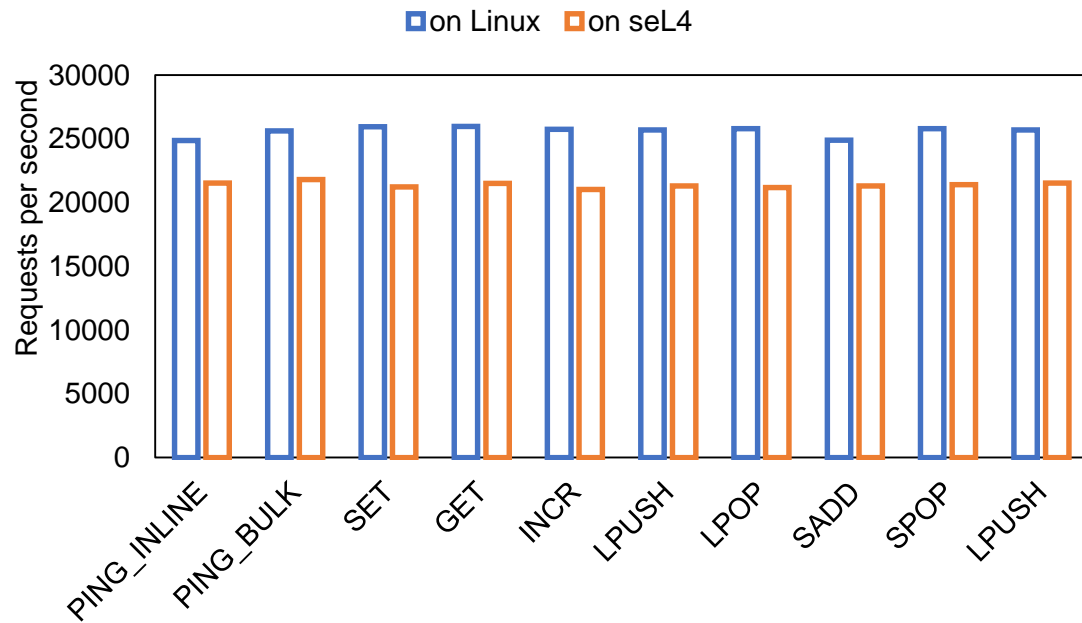


seL4 Root task:

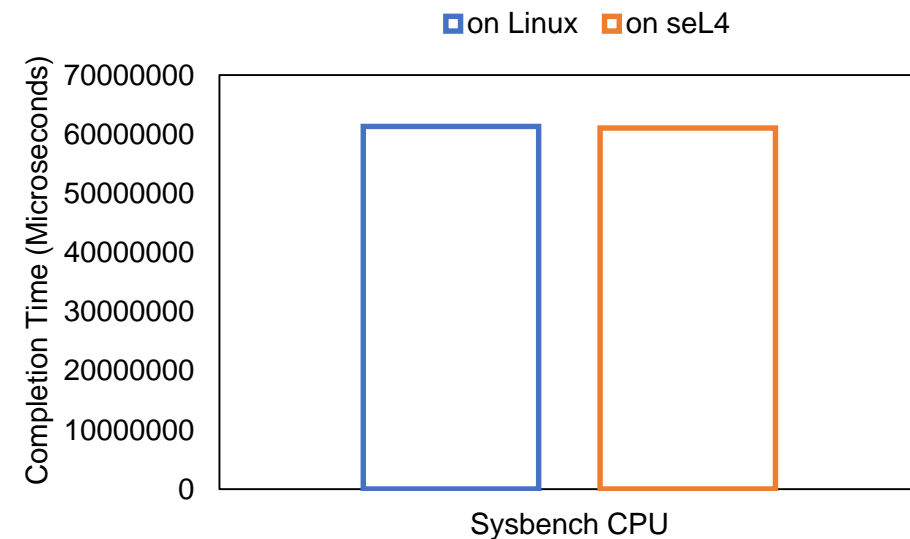
- Prepares the running properties for a seL4 container instance:
 - Capability space
 - Address space
 - I/O space
 - Interrupts
- Launches the seL4 container instance with the container image

Performance Evaluation

- A rough idea about performance of seL4 container

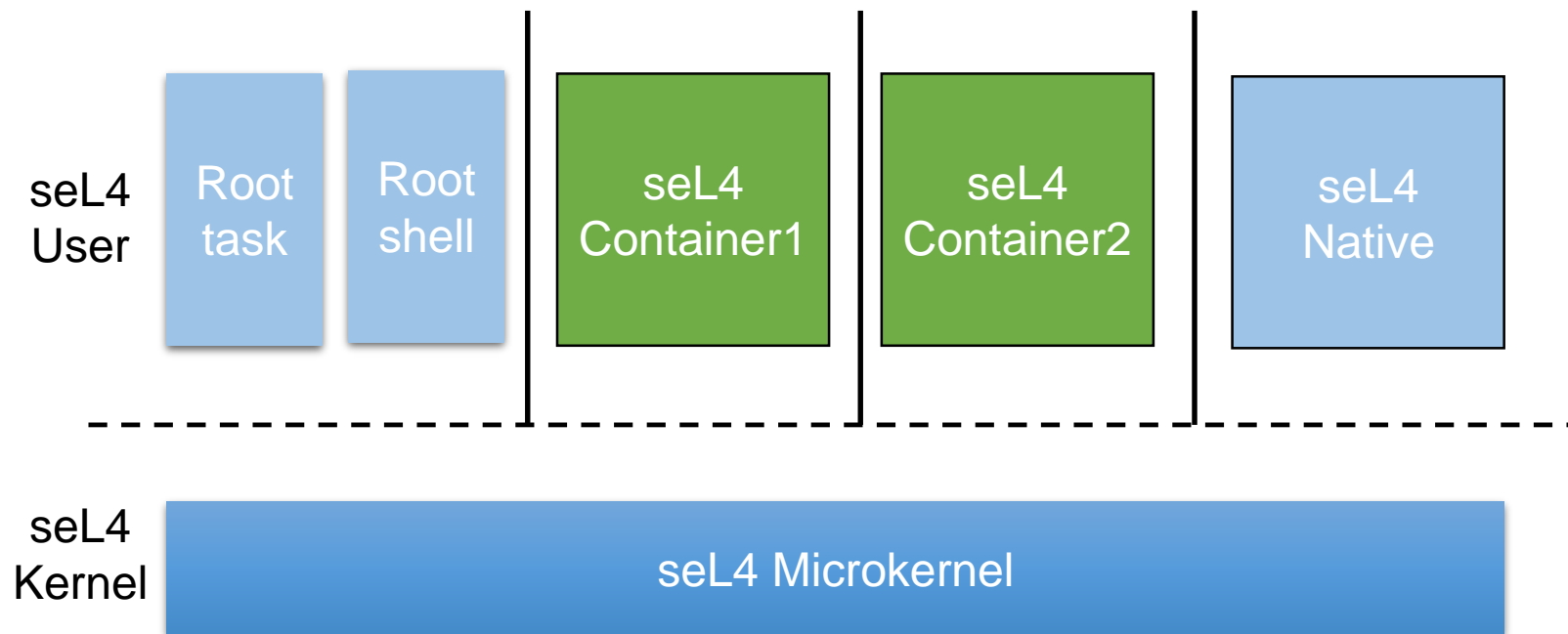


Redis key-value database
(Memory intensive)



Sysbench (CPU intensive)

Supporting Multiple seL4 Containers

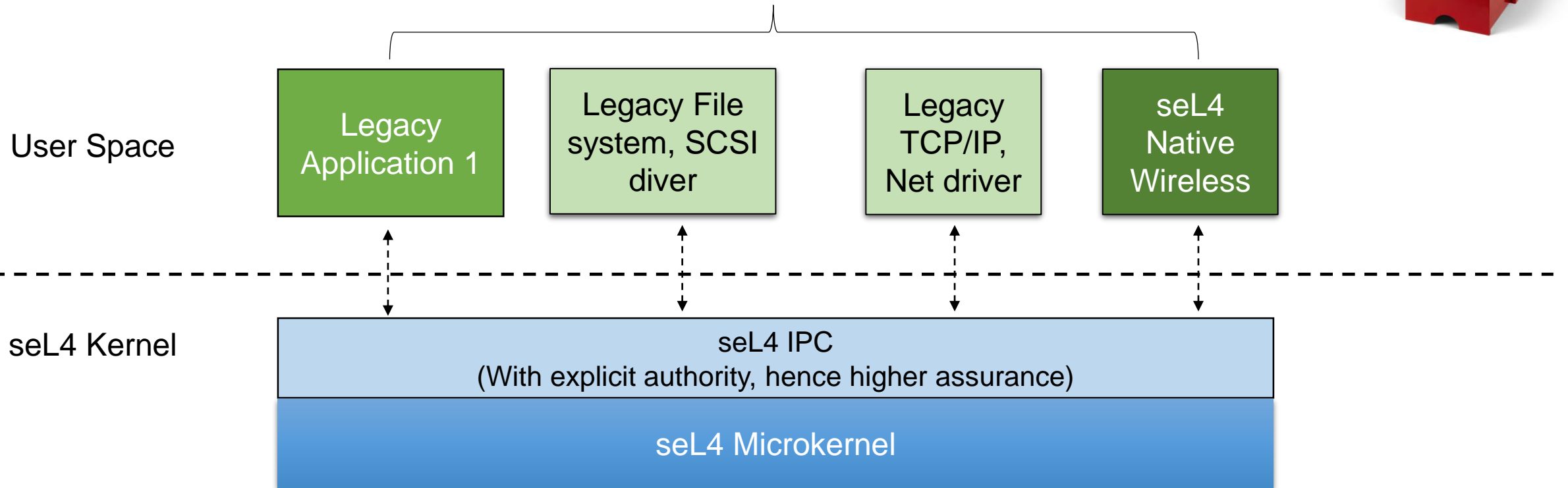
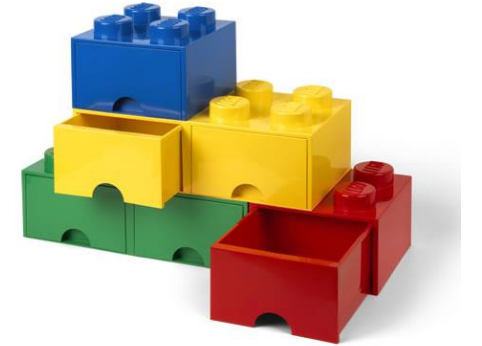


Limitations

- Need non-trivial effort to port a legacy application
- A “single-core” solution
- Non-preemptive scheduling
- Hardware resources are not shared
- ...

Future Work: An Enhanced Design

A **seL4 container** running as a group of customized, composable seL4 threads



Conclusions

- “Small” kernel space -> “Big” user space
- More design exploration in the user space is needed
- seL4 containers could serve as one option to support legacy applications in a **light-weight** manner
- We do **not** need extra support from seL4 kernel
- We do need the source code of legacy applications

Thanks

- Lok Yan for advising throughout the project
- Daniel Limbrick for insightful discussions
- <https://github.com/SEL4PROJ/rumprun-sel4-demoapps>
- Air Force Research Lab and Griffis Institute